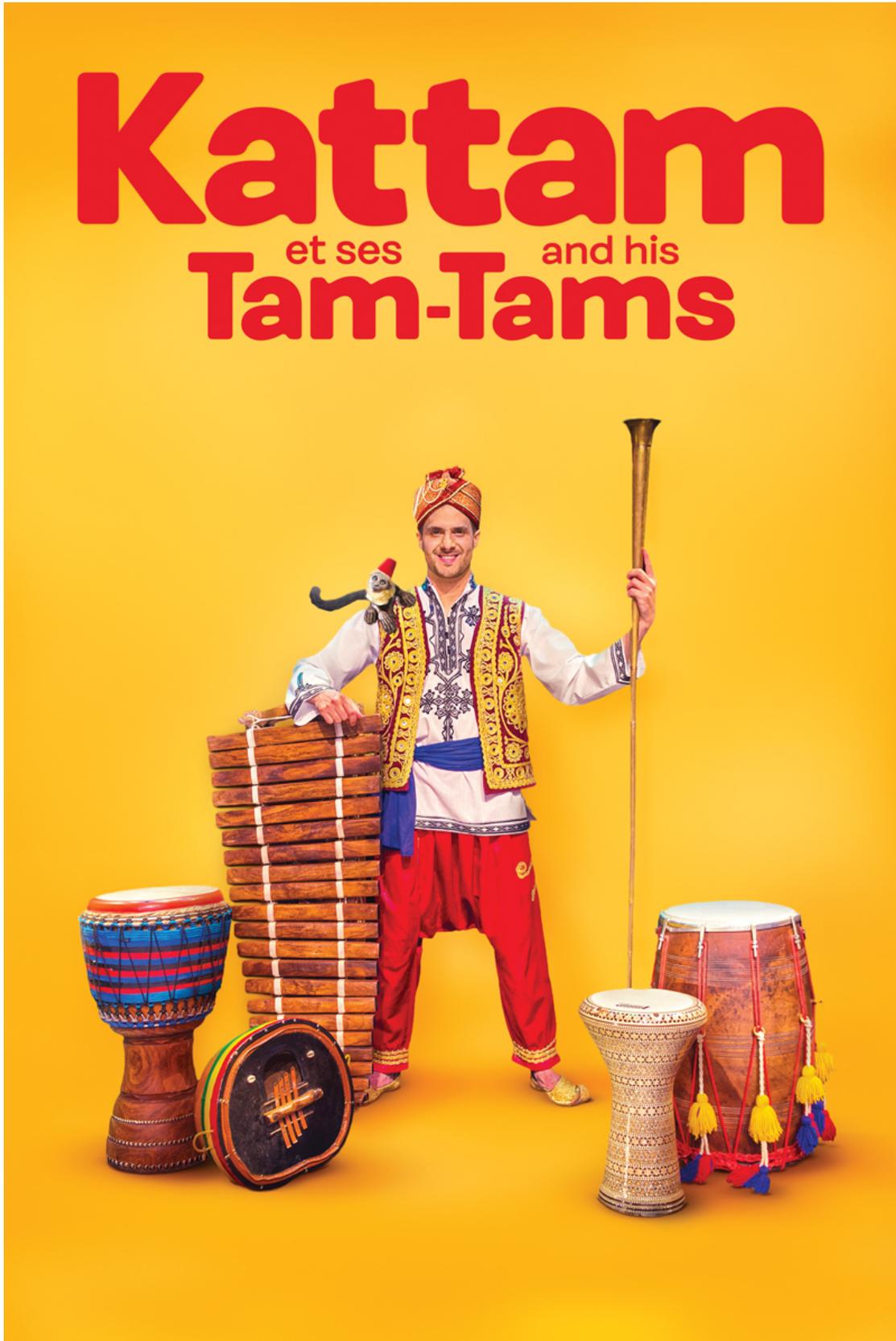


TEACHER'S GUIDE

Kattam

et ses and his

Tam-Tams



MUSICAL SCHOOL PERFORMANCE

Who is Kattam?!

Kattam (his real name!) is a percussion musician living in Montréal. His mother is from Québec and his father is from Morocco. He started percussion on his trips to Morocco when he was very young, then attended elementary and secondary music schools where he was trained in classical music (piano, choir, percussion).

Through his avid interest in world music and his travels overseas, he has had many rich and varied musical experiences. He studied Afro-Cuban percussion in Havana, the djembe in Guinea, and the derbouka in Morocco. He also studied the dhol and tabla (Indian instruments) in Montréal. Kattam has a master teacher for each instrument he plays.

Recognized on the Montréal scene as a talented percussionist, Kattam performs and collaborates with several artists including Marie-Mai, The Lost Fingers, Lynda Thalie, Mes Aïeux, and many other world music groups.

With his show *Kattam and his Tam-Tams*, Kattam tours schools, daycares, cultural centres and festivals in Canada and the United States. In 2016, he came out with his French album *De Tomboucutou à Bombay*, and then the English version *Timbuktu to Bombay* in 2017, and the DVD of his performance in 2018. These three independent productions have garnered him 17 prizes and nominations, and expanded the breadth of his career.

Artistic path

Travel is Kattam's chief source of inspiration. From East to West, he has drawn on inexhaustible and ever-evolving traditions to nourish his world view. Be it to experience what is sacred or to celebrate, music is the instrument he uses as his passport to discover different cultures. Guided by his passion for percussion as well as for dance and theatre, Kattam is constantly setting a course for new horizons that bring out the depth of the human experience.

Among the music groups with whom he works, Kattam strives to strike a balance between technical and intuitive styles, inspired by the masters under whom he has trained. While staying true to the respective traditions of the instruments he plays, he also blends styles and genres, in keeping with the 21st century trend toward genre-bending.

In his youth projects, Kattam acts as both a transmitter and a communicator. His original pieces place children front and centre. Watch, listen and, above all, participate! His aim is to foster a taste for music, discovery and self-expression among these children, to partake in celebrations specific to different cultures, and to make both popular and spiritual music accessible—ultimately in order to teach children that beyond cultural differences lies a shared humanity...

For Kattam, the stage, first and foremost, is a way to share this enthusiasm and the life force that drives him.

Description of the show

To the sound of the n'goni, balafon, djembe, naffar, derbouka and dhol, percussionist Kattam invites you to discover Africa, the Middle East and India through rhythm, song and dance! From African rap and desert dance to trance sufi rhythm and Bollywood dance. Accompanied by his monkey, Takoum, Kattam never fails to enrol his audience! An incredible multicultural adventure... Ideal for schools and family events!



To view

Promotional videos: www.kattam.ca/en/multimedia/videos

Selection of 133 photographs of some of Kattam's travels: <http://tiny.cc/1ld41y>

(Morocco, Haiti, India, Cuba, Guinea, Mexico, Sahara Desert, Nunavik, Peru, Cyprus)



Preparing for the performance

Our voyage begins in **Africa**!

- What is **Africa**?
- Which African countries can you name? There are 54!!!

Get ready, because we'll be singing the song "**Rapping Africa**"!

During the performance, try to recognize the different **instruments** Kattam plays!

The n'goni



The djembe



The balafon



The derbouka



Be ready to answer
the musical riddles
Kattam plays
on his balafon!

"When I say 1, 2, you say **Habibi**!"
Habibi is an Arabic word. What does it mean?
Kattam will ask you this question!

The derbouka comes from the Middle East.
The Middle East is on which continent(s)?

The naffar



This trumpet is played in Morocco, where Kattam's father is from. It is played during marriages and to mark the beginning of the month of Ramadan. How did Kattam get this long horn on the plane? The performance provides the answer...

The dhol



The words **drum** and **tam-tam** refer to the family of instruments that are played with your hands or with drumsticks. Each type of drum has a specific name, such as the djembe, the bongos, the congas, the derbouka, the dhol, etc.

Dance

Dance and percussion go hand in hand, which means a lot of dancing during the show!

The last destination on our journey is to one of the most amazing countries in the world...India! This country is so big and so populated, it's like a continent of its own! It has the world's largest film and music industry, called *Bollywood*. So Kattam has prepared a dance choreography for you in this style! It's known as the *Bhangra* dance form.

Which region of India does this dance form come from?

Be in shape, because we're going to move—a lot!!!



*** New ***
2 CDs and 1 DVD

17 Prizes & nominations

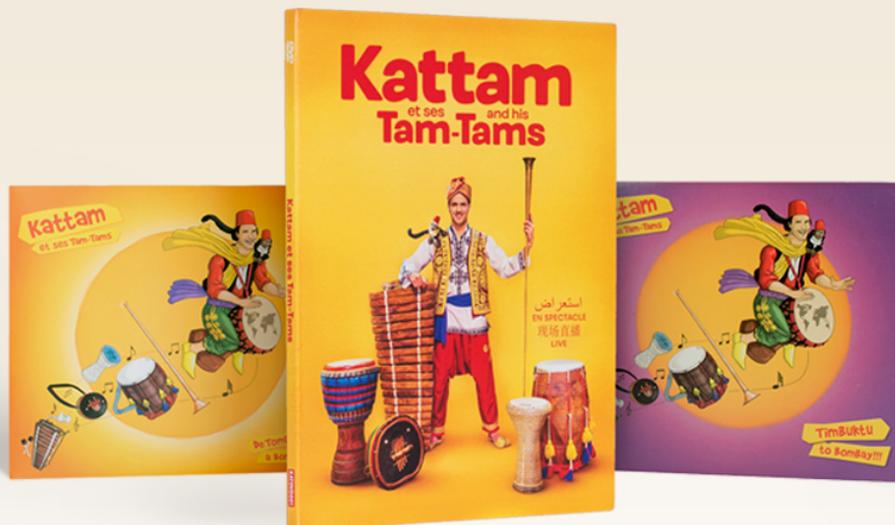
ADISQ



JUNO CANADA'S MUSIC AWARDS



Canadian Folk Music Awards



Available in person from Kattam,
at the online store www.kattam.ca/en/store, in regular
stores (Renaud-Bray, Archambault) and on iTunes.

You're never too young to
start **playing music!** :)



Guinea - February 2007

Arrangement of children during the performance

This arrangement is designed to have as many of the older children as the younger children in the front. When the older children are in the back, they feel less included and take a certain physical and mental distance from the show, they get less involved, and the show becomes more about the younger children. With the arrangement I am proposing, I have easy access to the older children; this gets them completely engaged! And when the older kids are having fun, the younger ones follow suit and have fun too! Thank you for your openness to trying this new approach if you have not already used it. Note that the children, depending on the total number of classes, will be arranged by class, one by one or two by two. I will be there to receive the children and help get everything organized with the teachers.

G	G	G	G	G	G	K
r	r	r	r	r	r	i
a	a	a	a	a	a	n
d	d	d	d	d	d	d
e	e	e	e	e	e	e
6	5	4	3	2	1	r
						n

Performance

♪ ♪ See you soon!!! ♪ ♪



[OFFICIAL SITE](#) | [FACEBOOK](#) | [INSTAGRAM](#)

[YOUTUBE](#) | [SPOTIFY](#) | [ITUNES](#)

Contact

Kattam Laraki-Côté

kattam@gmail.com

514-677-5288



**KATTAM TAM
PRODUCTIONS**

Answers to the questions in the Teacher's Guide

- What is Africa?

Answer: Africa is a **continent**. Of all the continents, it is the one that has the most countries (54).

- Which African countries can you name?

Algeria	Gabon	Niger
Angola	Gambia	Nigeria
Benin	Ghana	Uganda
Botswana	Guinea	Rwanda
Burkina Faso	Guinea-Bissau	São Tomé and Príncipe
Burundi	Equatorial Guinea	Senegal
Cameroon	Kenya	Seychelles
Cape Verde	Lesotho	Sierra Leone
Central African Republic	Liberia	Somalia
Chad	Libya	South Africa
Comoros	Madagascar	Sudan
Republic of the Congo	Malawi	South Sudan
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Mali	Swaziland
Côte d'Ivoire	Morocco	Tanzania
Djibouti	Mauritius	Togo
Egypt	Mauritania	Tunisia
Eritrea	Mozambique	Zambia
Ethiopia	Namibia	Zimbabwe

- What does the Arabic word *habibi* mean?

Answer: **My beloved** or my darling (you can use it to refer to a friend, a family member, a lover, etc.). Note that *habibi* is the masculine and *habibati* is the feminine.

- The Middle East is on which continent(s)?

Answer: The Middle East is mostly situated in **Asia**, but also in **Europe** with the European region of Turkey, and in **Africa** with Egypt.

- Which region of India does the *Bhangra* dance form come from?

Answer: From the **Punjab** (northwest province of India and northeast Pakistan). Originally, the *Bhangra* dance was a popular dance form among farmers celebrating the harvest. The movements reflect those used to cultivate the land. Today, the *Bhangra* includes elements of very modern music and has become highly developed in Great Britain.